

**Question 1 (3 Marks)**

Given that  $x^2 - 6x + 1 = (x - a)^2 - b$  for all values of  $x$ ,

(i) find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

$a = \dots\dots\dots$

$b = \dots\dots\dots$

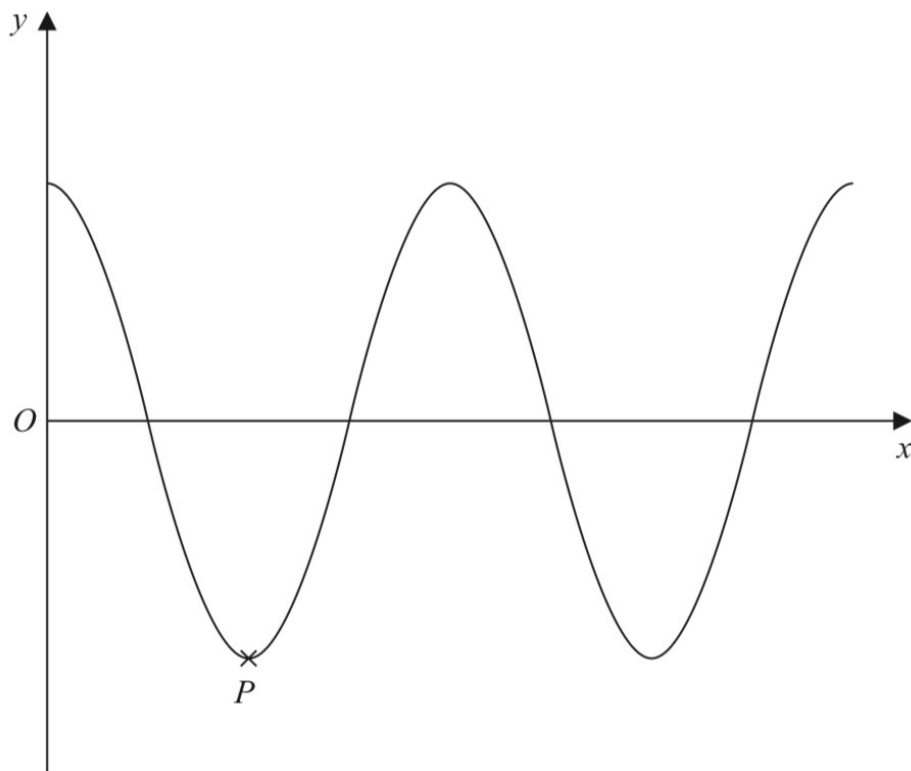
(2)

(ii) Hence write down the coordinates of the turning point on the graph of  $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$

( $\dots\dots\dots$ ,  $\dots\dots\dots$ )

(1)

## Question 2 (2 Marks)



The diagram shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation  $y = \cos x^\circ$   
 $P$  is a minimum point on the curve.

Write down the coordinates of  $P$ .

( ..... , ..... )

**Question 3 (5 Marks)**

- (a) Rationalise the denominator of  $\frac{22}{\sqrt{11}}$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

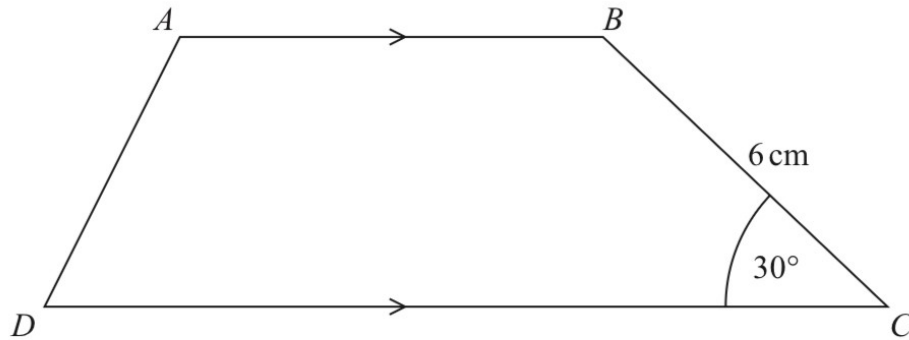
- (b) Show that  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1}$  can be written in the form  $\frac{a+\sqrt{3}}{b}$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

.....  
(2)

(3)

**Question 4 (5 Marks)**

Here is trapezium  $ABCD$ .



The area of the trapezium is  $66 \text{ cm}^2$

the length of  $AB$  : the length of  $CD = 2 : 3$

Find the length of  $AB$ .

..... cm